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Dictionary of quotations (Italian) by Thomas Benfield Harbottle & Philip Hugh Dalbiac

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THOMAS BENFIELD HARBOTTLE & PHILIP HUGH DALBIAC

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THOMAS BENFIELD HARBOTTLE

AND

COLONEL PHILIP HUGH DALBIAC

WITH AUTHORS' AND SUBJECTS' INDEXES



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ITALIAN QUOTATIONS.

"A battesimo suoni o a funerale, Muore un brigante e nasce un liberale." GIUSTI. Il Delenda Cartago, St. II. "Toll thou for baptism or for funeral, A brigand dies, a liberal is born."

"A buon servente guiderdon non pere."-GUINICELLI, Sonetto. (Poeti del Primo Secolo, Firenze, 1816, p. 104.)

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"The faithful servant shall his guerdon have."

"Ogni buon servire è meritato." GALLO PISANO. Canzone. (Parnaso Italiano, Vol. I., p. 228.)

"All faithful service meetsth its reward."

"Servi e non guardare a cui, e averal de' migliacci." SACCHETTI. Novella CII. "Render services, never mind to whom, and you will get your

cake."

"Che del servire al fin mai non si perde." PULCI. Morgante Maggiore, IX., 66. "Good service ne'er is wasted in the end."

"Non si perde servigio mai nessuno : Servi qualunque, e non guardar chi sia." PULCI. Morganie Maggiore, XXI., 114. "Good services were never labour lost : Serve whom thou wilt, and ask not who he be."

"Premio al ben servire Pur viene alfin, se ben tarda a venire." ARIOSTO. Orlando Furioso, XXXI., 8. "Every year of loyal duty past

Shall find, though late, its full reward at last."-(Hoole.)

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"Aspettate Il premio al ben servir, se il meritate." CARTI. La Grotta di Trofonio, Act I., Sc. IX. -(Artemidoro.)

"Ye may, if 'tis deserved, Reward for faithful service aye expect."

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"A ciascuno pare di saper ben dire, comechè alcuno per modestia lo nieghi."

CASA. Galateo. (Opere, Milano, 1806, Vol. I., p. 232.) "Every one thinks he can talk well, though some, from modesty, deny it."

"A chi cerca il vero, bisogna montar sopra la ragione di cose corporee." BBUNO. Gli Eroici Furori, Part II., Dialogo II.—(Maricondo.)

"He who is seeking the truth, must rise above the limitations of things corporeal."

"A chi in amor s'invecchia, oltr' ogni pena,

Si convengono i ceppi e la catena."

ARIOSTO. Orlando Furioso, XXIV., 2.

"He who leads his life in amorous pain, Deserves to feel the gyves and shackling chain."-(Hoole.)

"A chi litigare vuole bisogna quattro cose, e tu lo sai ; ragion prima chi la sappia dire, favore o chi te la faccia."

ABIOSTO. Gli Soppositi, Act IV.-(Lico.)

"A man who goes to law needs four things, as you know; a good case, some one to set it forth, favour and some one to show it."

"A chi un segreto? Ad un bugiardo o a un muto; Questi non parla, e quei non è creduto."

PANANTI. Epigramma.

"Liars or mutes our confidence may fittingly receive, For the mutes cannot betray us, and the liars none believe."

"(Conosco) a chi veramente ama non potere mancare ne ingegno ne arte, con quale se da ogni affanno liberare sappia." ANON. Aristippia, Act II., Sc. I.-(Flogio.) (Printed in Venice)

in 1530.)

"I know that one who truly loves cannot lack either the intelligence or the skill to extricate bimself from every difficulty."

"A cognoscer bene la natura de' popoli hisogna esser Principe, ed a cognoscer bene la natura de' principi conviene esser popolare." Macchiaventa, Il Principe, Dedicazione.

"To thoroughly understand the nature of the people, it is necessary to be a prince, and to thoroughly understand the nature of princes it is well to be of the people."

"A colpa vecchia pena nuova."

BERNI. Orlando Innamorato, LVI., 8.

"For fault inveterate, new punishment."

"(È proverbio molto antico

Che) a conoscere un amico,

Ci bisogna un anno almen.

E la donna ; almeno due."

GOLDONI. L'Asturia Felice, Act I., Sc. XIII.-(Pasquino.)

"There is a saw of long ago

Which says : Whose a friend would know,

At very least will need a year.

And woman ? Two, at least, I fear."

A DONNA NON-A MOLTI E GIA.

- "A donna non si può credere, eziam poi che è morta." Divizio da Bibbiena. La Calandria, Act I., Sc. II.-(Polinico.) "You cannot believe a woman, even when she is dead."
- "A egregie cose il forte animo accendono L'urne de' forti."

Foscolo. Dei Sepoleri, 151. "Brave hearts are oft by brave men's sepulchres To noble deeds inspired."

"A franco Parlar risponderò franche parole." MONTI. Aristodemo, Act II., Sc. VII.--(Aristodemo.) "To your frank speech, I frankly will reply."

"A' generosi Giusta di gloria dispensiera è morte." Foscolo. Dei Sepoleri, 220.

"To noble souls Death with unerring hand dispenseth fame."

"A gran periglio Va per lingua mendace Chi non ha il pio fugace." GUARINI. Il Pastor Fido, Act IV., Sc. IV.--(Corisca.) "Creat peril his

Who doth possess a tongue that lies And hath not eke a foot that flies."

"A me chiedesti sangue: E questo è sangue;—e sol per te il versai." ALFIERL Oreste, Act V., Sc. XIII.—(Oreste.) "Thou didst ask for blood; And this is blood ;—and shed for thee alone."

"A me non par che ben deciso, Nè che ben giusto alcun giudicio cada, Ove prima non s'oda quanto neghi La parte o affermi, e sue ragioni alleghi." ARIOSTO. Orlando Furioso, XXXII., 101. "But ill I deem is try'd That cause where hasty judgment shall decide Era each is heard."—(Hoole.)

> "A chi vuol dar buon giudizio del suono, bisogna il sentire l'una campana, e l'altra." BALDINUCCI. La Veglia. (Ed. Milan, 1812. Opere, Vol. XIV., p. 213.)

"He who would form a correct judgment of their tone, must hear first one bell and then the other."

"A molti è già nociuto il favellare, il tacere mai non nocque ad alcuno." SACCHETTI. Novella CLXXX.

"Many have suffered for talking, none ever suffered for keeping silence."