APPENDIX TO INITIA GRAECA-PART I.
ADDITIONAL EXERCISES WITH EXAMINATION
PAPERS ON INITIA GRAECA-PART I.
WITH AND INTRODUCTION TO GRAECA-PART
II. CONTAINING EASY READING LESSONS
WITH AN ANALYSIS OF THE SENTENCES

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649462728

Appendix to Initia Graeca-Part I. Additional Exercises with Examination Papers on Initia Graeca-Part I. With and Introduction to Graeca-Part II. Containing Easy Reading Lessons with an Analysis of the Sentences by William Smith

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

WILLIAM SMITH

APPENDIX TO INITIA GRAECA-PART I.
ADDITIONAL EXERCISES WITH EXAMINATION
PAPERS ON INITIA GRAECA-PART I.
WITH AND INTRODUCTION TO GRAECA-PART
II. CONTAINING EASY READING LESSONS
WITH AN ANALYSIS OF THE SENTENCES



ADDITIONAL EXERCISES

With Examination Papers

OX

INITIA GRÆCA-PART I.

WITH

AN INTRODUCTION TO INITIA GRÆCA—PART IL

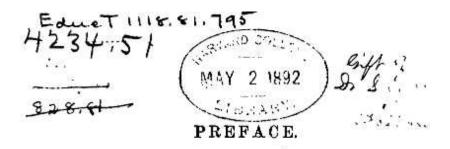
RASY READING LESSONS WITH AN ANALYSIS
OF THE SENTENCES

For the Use of the Lower Forms in Public and Private Schools

BY

WILLIAM SMITH, D.C.L., LL.D.
EDITOR OF THE CLASSICAL AND LAYER DISTRICTANTES

NEW YORK
HARPER & BROTHERS, FRANKLIN SQUARE
1881



THE following Additional Exercises on Initia Greeca, Part I., have been drawn up by the Rev. C. R. Barker, M.A., Assistant Master of Learnington College, under my superintendence. They are on the same plan as those in the Appendix to Principia Latina, Part I., which have been used with advantage in many schools.

The Examination Papers are arranged progressively, and are intended for use after or with the corresponding Exercises.

There are added some easy Reading-Lessons, taken from Initia Græca, Part II., to which they are designed as an Introduction. A tale is first given; each sentence is divided into its separate elements, and then built up again, so that the beginner may learn by actual practice how a sentence is constructed. The Notes explain all difficulties in construction, together with constant references to the first part of Initia Græca. By carefully going through these few pages, the learner will be better prepared for the use of Part II. of Initia Græca.

In the Vocabularies, which should be carefully committed to memory before beginning each Exercise, only those words are introduced which have not been previously given in the Initia Greeca. But all words occurring in this Appendix are given in the Indices to Part I. of the Initia Greeca, which form a complete Dictionary to both books.

i

CONTENTS.

Exercises on—						
						PAG
THE FIRST OR A DECLEMBION	**	1.6		**	**	- 3
THE SECOND OR O DECLENSION		**	1700			
ADJECTIVES OF THE FIRST AND SEC	OXD	DECI	EKSIO	ONS		- 3
CONTRACTED SECOND DECLERSION	OF S	TBBT	ANTI	VES,	AND	
CONTRACTED ADJECTIVES OF TI	B F	CBST	AND	SEC	OND	
Declerations		• •				
FIRST GENERAL EXERCISE			••	**		į
Exercises on—						
THE THIRD DECLESSION		••	**	••		
ADJECTIVES OF THE THIRD DECLEN	SION	••	**			13
Some Ibredulab Substantives					••	23
Some Ibregular Adjectives	**			••	••	1
SECOND GENERAL EXERCISE	**	••	••	•	••	1
Exercises on-						
COMPARISON OF ADJECTIVES	**					18
FORMATION AND COMPARISON OF A	ADVE	RBS				17
THE NUMERALS						18
THE PRONOUNS						19
THIRD GENERAL EXERCISE			••	••	**	23
Exercises on-						
THE AUXILIARY VERB elui, I am	110	••			••	23
THE ACTIVE VOICE OF VERBS IN Ω					**	24
FOURTH GENERAL EXERCISE		**		••		31

CONTENTS.

Exercises on-				PAGE
THE PASSIVE AND MIDDLE VOICES O	F VERB	IN Q	Un-	
CONTRACTED		** **		32
THE MIDDLE VOICE OF VERBS IN Ω	19.00	,,		37
FIFTH GENERAL EXERCISE	e (**)		••	33
Exercises on—				
CONTRACTED VERBS			**	39
SIXTH GENERAL EXERCISE			**	43
EXERCISE ON VERBS IN pt, FIRST CLASS .		,		44
SEVENTH GENERAL EXERCISE			••	48
Exercises on-				
VERBS IN PL FIRST CLASS (continued	1)		49	, 51
VERBS IN µ4, SECOND CLASS	6 386 9	**	**	52
Eighth General Exercise	s 286 s		••	55
Exercises on—				
IRREGULAR VERSS IN Q:				
1. VERSE WHICH ADD . TO THE ST	EM			56
2. VERBS WEIGH ADD P OR PE TO	THE ST	СМ		57
S. VERIS WHICH ADD GP TO THE	Present	Tense	t	58
4. VERES WHICH ADD OK TO THE	Present	Brem		59
5. VERBS WHICH FORM THEIR TO	enses P	BOM D	FFE-	
вент Этемв,			••	60
6. OTHER IRREGULARITIES				61
7. VERBS WHICH FORM THEIR SE	COND A	ORISTS.	LIKE	
THE VERBS IN pt			••	62
8. VERBS WHICH HAVE PERFECTS	WITHOU	YKA T	PRE-	
sent Steme			••	63
NINTH GENERAL EXERCISE			••	64
Examination Papers			••	65
Easy Reading Lessons			**	82
Vocabularies of the Exercises				94
Vocabularies TO EASY READING LESSONS .	2 122 7	(22) (22)	222	105

ADDITIONAL EXERCISES

TO

INITIA GRÆCA, PART I.

(The letters L. G. refer to INITIA GREGA, PART L.)

The First or A Declension.

(L. G., pages 5-7.)

1. FEMININES.

Σχει, (he, she, it) has, πρύπτει, (he, she, it) hides, or conceals. φεύγει, (he, she, it) avoids, flees from. Iχουσι(ν), (thry) have, ερύπτουσι, (they) hide, or conceal. φεύγουσι(ν), (they) avoid, flee from.

nal, and.

Exercise I.—(I. G. pages 5, 6.)

- ή βασίλεια φεύγει την πανουργίαν.
 αὶ βασίλειαι φεύγου την πανουργίαν.
 αὶ 'Αθηναι ἔχουσι στοάς.
 ἡ 'Αθηναι μάχαιραν ἔχει.
 αὶ 'Αθηναι ἔχουσι στοάς.
 ἡ βασίλεια μάχαιραν ἔχει.
 αὶ γλῶσσαι κρύπτουσι την ἀλήθειαν.
 ἡ ἡ νφέλη την χώραν κρύπτει.
 ἡ γλῶσσα την πανουργίαν ἔχει.
 αὶ χῶραι νεφέλας ἔχουσι.
 αὶ νύμφαι μάχαιραν ἔχουσι.
- 1. The queens have swords. 2. Athens avoids villany. 3. The brides flee-from the country. 4. The bride admires Athens. 5. The clouds hide the country. 6. The tongue avoids villany. 7. The countries have fountains. 8. The brides admire the portico. 9. The cloud hides the porticoes. 10. The queens flee-from the countries.

EXERCISE II .- (I. G. page 6.)

ή γλώσσα τῆς βασιλείας ἔχει σοφίαν.
 ή θεὰ τῆς χώρας ἔχει ζώνην.
 αἱ θεαὶ θαυμάζουσι τῆν τῆς λύρας φωνήν.
 ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῶν Μουσῶν.
 ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῶν Μουσῶν.

έστιν αlτία τής τέχνης. 6. αί ύλαι έχουσι πηγάς. 7. ή φωνή τής θεᾶς έστιν αlτία τής φυγής. 8. ή θεὰ έχει ζώνην ἀρετής. 9. ή πηγή τής ύλης έχει νεφέλην. 10. αl πέτραι τῶν ὑλῶν ἔχουσι τηγάς.

1. The sword of the goddess is the cause of the flight. 2. The rocks of the country conceal the fountains. 3. The arts of the brides are the cause of their (use article) reputation. 4. Clouds conceal the fountain of the wood. 5. The queen of the two (use dual) countries admires truth and virtue. 6. The goddesses of the earth have girdles. 7. The sound of the lyres conceals the flight of the bride. 8. The cloud conceals the rocks and the woods. 9. The goddesses conceal the villany of the queen. 10. The soul of the queen admires the arts of the Muses.

2. MASCULINES.

EXERCISE III.—(L. G. page 7.)

σώζει, (he, she, it) saves. | σώζουσι(ν), (they) save.

- Ηυλάδης καὶ 'Ορέστης ήσαν νεανίαι.
 Γοργίας θαυμάζει τὴν φωτὴν τῶν σοφιστῶν.
 ὁ τεχνίτης ἢν νεανίας.
 ὁ τιθερνήτης σώζει τοὶς ναύτας.
 ὁ, οὶ ναῦται σώζουσι τὸν κυβερνήτην.
 ὁ, ἡ ῥώμη τῶν στρατιωτῶν σώζα τὴν χώραν.
 τὶ κριταὶ ἢσαν ταμίαι τῆς δίκης.
 δ. οἱ Σκύθοι θαυμάζουσι τὴν τοῦ' 'Ορέστου φιλίαν.
 οὶ ναῦται σάζουσι τοὺς στρατιώτες.
 ἡ τέχνη τοῦ κυβερνήτου σώζα τὸν ναύτην.
- 1. Pylades admires Orestes. 2. The pilot saves the sailors of the queen. 3. The disciple of the judge was a young man. 4. Truth is the pilot of judges. 5. Soldiers and sailors were the strength of Athens. 6. The Scythians admire the friendship of the-two-young-men (dual), Pylades and Orestes. 7. The pilots of the sailors avoid the rocks. 8. O judge, wisdom is strength. 9. The judges admire the art of the artists. 10. The virtue of the steward saves the young man.

The Second or O Declension.

Note.—The feminine substantives in or of this declension are few in number, but the following should be remembered:—

1. Names of countries, islands, cities, plants.

 Names of earths and stones, as η ψάμμος sand, η πλίνθος the brick, η ψηφος the pebble. 3. Different words denoting 'a way,' as \$\hat{\eta} \cdot \delta \delta \eta \cdot \delta \de

 Various receptacles, as γναθός jaw, κιβωτός chest, ληνός winevat.

 Adjectives used substantivally, as ή ητειρος the mainland, and a few others, as róσος disease, δρότος dew, δοκός beam, βίβλος book.

EXERCISE 1V .- (I. G. page 8.)

Masculine and Feminine Substantives.

- οἱ ναῦται φείγουσι τὰς νήσους.
 οἱ ἄνθρωποι σώζουσι τὸς ἀδάσκαλος τῶν τρόπων.
 ὁ Κῦρος ἢν ἄδελφος 'Αρταξέρξου.
 ἡ πενία ἐστὶ βάσανος τῶν τρόπων τοῦς ἀνθρώποις.
 ὁ θεὸς κρύπτει τὴν τοῦ θανάτου ὁδόν.
 οἱ ἄγγελοι κρύπτουσι τὴν κιβωτόν.
 δὶ ἡ κιβωτὸς ἔχει θησαυροὺς τῶν ἀδέλφων.
 ἡ πενία ἐστὶν ὑπηρέτης τοῦ θανάτου.
 ἡ ἄμπελος τῆς νήσου ἐστὶ θησαυρὸς τῷ ἀγγέλφ.
- 1. The guile of the messengers conceals the gold. 2. Men flee from the way of death. 3. The rocks of the island are death to the sailors. 4. The voice of the messenger has guile. 5. The poverty of the minister is the cause of villany. 6. The ministers admire the chest. 7. Silver and gold are the cause of guile to the messengers of Artaxerxes. 8. The brother of Cyrus was Artaxerxes. 9. The pilot saves the two brothers (dual). 10. The vice of the two brothers (dual) was the cause of death to the man.

Exercise V.—(I. G. page 9.)

2. Neuter Substantives.

- δ ναύτης βαυμάζει τὰ ἄστρα τοῦ οὐρανοῦ.
 ό ὅπνος ἐστὶ φάρμακον νόσων τῷ ἀνθρώπῳ.
 ἡ χώρα ἔχει τὰ φυτὰ καὶ τὰ ζῷα.
 τὸ θηρίον φεύγει οἰκητήρια τῶν ἀνθρώπων.
 τὸ ρόπαλον τοῦ κυνηγέτου ἐστὶν αἰτία θανάτου τῷ θηρίῳ.
 οἰ λόγοι τοῦ κριτοῦ εἰσι σημεῖον παρρησίας.
 τὶ λόγοι εἰσὶ σημεῖον παρρησίας.
 τὸ ἀνλον τοῦ ἐστὶ φάρμακον τῷ θηρίῳ.
 αὶ νεφέλαι κρύπτουσιν ἄστρα τοῦ σύρανοῦ.
- 1. The wood has plants and animals. 2. The star is a gift to the sailor. 3. The huntaman admires the trees and plants. 4. The cloud conceals the stars of heaven. 5. The boldness of the judges is a sign of (their) valour (use art.). 6. The tree has leaves. 7. The huntamen of the island avoid the habitations of men. 8. The rock is the habitation of wild besats. 9. Poison is the cause of death to the queen. 10. The club of the soldier saves the citizen.

ι