FROM MONTAIGNE TO MOLIÈRE; OR, THE PREPARATION FOR THE CLASSICAL AGE OF FRENCH LITERATURE

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From Montaigne to Molière; or, The preparation for the classical age of French literature by Arthur Tilley

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OR

THE PREPARATION FOR THE CLASSICAL AGE
OF FRENCH LITERATURE

BY

ARTHUR TILLEY

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PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION

THE change which came over English poetry between the death of Shakespeare and the appearance of Pope has been traced by Mr Gosse in his well-known volume From Shakespeare to Pope. The similar change from a literature of imagination to a literature of reason which took place in France between the death of Montaigne and the production of Molière's Les Précieuses Ridicules, or, in other words, the transition from the Renaissance to the Classical Age, is the subject of the following pages. I have not attempted to write a complete history of French literature during this period, but rather to give an account of the various forces, political, religious, social, and literary, which helped to bring about this change. Even in those chapters which deal exclusively with the literary forces, such as those on Malherbe and Corneille, there will be found nothing like a complete critical estimate of the writers. The chapter on the Catholic revival is a sketch, necessarily brief and imperfect, of a large and important subject, which still awaits its historian. The chapter entitled "The Reign of Bad Taste" deals with matters which are still the subject of considerable controversy-namely, the origin of préciosité and the influence of Italy and Spain. I have tried to show that true préciosité, though it had its germ in the Hôtel de Rambouillet, did not develop into a real

malady till the days of Mlle de Scudéry, and that it was in no way due, as is often stated by English writers, to an influx of Marinism and Gongorism.

Of the authorities on which I have principally relied, a certain number, more especially those of recent date, will be found mentioned either in the text or in the notes. But for the benefit of students, and as a further acknowledgment of my debts, I will mention some others here. The first place is naturally due to vol. IV of the Histoire de la langue et de la littérature française, edited by the late L. Petit de Julleville, a volume of high and singularly even excellence. On all historical matters, including the history of the Catholic revival, I have consulted the Histoire de France, edited by M. Lavisse, vol. VI, part ii (by M. Mariéjol), and vol. vii, part i, pp. 1-117 (by M. Lavisse). For ecclesiastical history the Abbé Guettée's sound and impartial Histoire de l'Église de France, 12 vols., 1847-56, is valuable. The Essai historique sur l'influence de la religion en France pendant le XVIIe siècle, by M.-J. Picot, 2 vols., 1824, written from the point of view of a devout Catholic, is uncritical, but it is the only account of the Catholic revival as a whole with which I am acquainted. It is hardly necessary to mention Sainte-Beuve's great work on Port-Royal (third edition, 7 vols., 1867): "He who does not know the literature of Port-Royal does not know the seventeenth century," says M. Gazier, the greatest living authority on Port-Royal. It may be said with equal truth that he who does not know Sainte-Beuve's Port-Royal does not know the seventeenth century.

Turning to the literary forces of the period, Malherbe, Corneille, and Pascal have all been edited in monumental editions for Les grands écrivains de la France; while there are excellent monographs on Corneille (by G. Lanson), Descartes (by A. Fouillée), and Pascal (by E. Boutroux) in the series of Les grands écrivains français. That on Malherbe in the same series by the Duc de Broglie is disappointing. Five essays, three of considerable importance, on this period will be found in vol. IV of Brunetière's Essais critiques. I must also mention K. Schirmacher, Théophile de Viau, Leipsic, 1897; P. Morillot, Scarron et le genre burlesque, 1888; l'Abbé Fabre, Chapelain et nos deux premières académies, 1890; and Ch. Livet, Précieux et précieuses, second edition, 1870. Cousin's brilliant volumes, of which the most important is La société française au XVIIº siècle d'après le Grand Cyrus de Mlle de Scudéry, 2 vols., 1852, must be used with caution. The best and most trustworthy account of the Hôtel de Rambouillet and the Précieuses is that by E. Bourciez in the Histoire de la langue et de la littérature française. I am also indebted to sundry articles in the Revue d'histoire littéraire de la France, the Archiv für das Studium der neueren Sprachen und Litteraturen, and the Zeitschrift für französische Sprache und Litteratur.

Mr T. F. Crane's La société française au dix-septième siècle, New York, 1889, and his edition of Boileau's Les héros de roman, Boston, 1902, both with good bibliographical references, will be found very useful by students; and I would specially commend a little book by F. Vial and L. Denise, entitled, Idées et doctrines littéraires du XVII^e siècle, 1906. Recent English works are Miss Haldane's Descartes, his Life and Times, 1905; Angélique of Port-Royal, by A. K. H., 1905; and The Story of Port-Royal, by Mrs Romanes, 1907; while the whole period is treated with judgment and penetration by Professor Grierson in two chapters of his First Half of the Seventeenth Century (vol. VII of Periods of European Literature), 1906.

In conclusion, I have to express my warm gratitude to my friend the Rev. H. F. Stewart, Fellow and Dean of St John's College, Cambridge, who has read the whole of the proofs.

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A. T.

Bembridge, September 4, 1908