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# M. C. COOKE

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A QUARTERLY RECORD OF

# CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY

AND ITS LITERATURE.

EDITED BY M. C. COOKE, M.A., A.L.S.,

Author of "Handbook of British Fungi," "Illustrations of British Fungi," "Fungi, their uses," &c., "Rust, Smut, Mildew, and Mould," "British Fresh Water Alga," "British Desmids," &c., &c.

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# Grevillea,

A QUARTERLY RECORD OF CRYPTOGAMIC BOTANY AND ITS LITERATURE.

#### NEW BRITISH FUNGL

By M. C. COOKE.

(Continued from Vol. XVI., p. 102.)

Agaricus (Pholiota) molliscorium, Cke. & Mass.

Pileus fleshy, convex, then plane, obtuse, at length depressed, even, smooth, soft like kid leather, tawny yellow; disc darker, dry, shining (2-3 in. broad); margin acute, thin; stem equal, paler, erect, fistulose (3 in. long,  $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{3}$  in. thick), silky, punctately squamulose at the apex; ring broad, distant, brownish, deciduous; flesh yellow; gills narrowly adnate, ventricose, crowded, thin, ferruginous; spores elliptical, smooth, ferruginous,  $12 \times 5$ -6  $\mu$ .

On the ground, Carlisle. (Dr. Carlyle.)

Taste and smell none. Habit that of A. præcox, with which it was associated, but differing in the yellow colour and the bright ferruginous gills. Near to Ag. ombrophilus, Fr.

Bygrophorus (Bydrocybe) spadiceus, Scop. Carn. 11., 443. Fr. Hym. Eur. 420.

Fragile; pileus thin, conical, acute, repand, fibrillosely virgate, at first covered with an olivaccous bay-brown gluten; stem hollow, equal, dry, becoming dusky and fibrillose; gills rounded behind, free, distant, lemon-yellow.—Fr. Icon. t. 168, fig. 1.

On the ground. July. Clun Forest. (W. Phillips.) Somewhat resembling H. conicus, but not turning black.

Lactarius (Piperites) umbrinus, Pers. Syn. 435.

Pileus compact, convex, then plane, umbilicate, dry, floccosely cracking, umber, without zones (3 in. broad); stem solid, very short (about an inch long), white, becoming cinereous; gills crowded, pallid, growing yellowish; milk acrid, white, making greyish spots.—Fr. Hym. Eur. 429. Cooke Illus. t. 1006.

In damp places, Epping.

Lactarius (Russularia) tomentosus, Otto, Krombh. t. 40, f. 17, 18.

Pileus at first umbonate, then depressed and infundibuliform; dull flesh colour, becoming rufous and tawny, delicately tomentose (2-3 in. diam.); stem erect, at first stuffed, then somewhat hollow, pallid, naked, smooth; substance compact (2 in. long, 1 in. thick);

gills subdecurrent, yellow flesh colour; milk white (spores 8-9 µ diam.) .- Cooke Illus. t. 1010.

In swampy ground. Orton Moss, near Carlisle.

Fries quotes Krombholz's figure under L. helvus with the note "haud bons." It should doubtless be kept distinct, if only as a sub-species.

Lactarius (Russularia) mammosus, Fr. Hym. Eur. 434.

var. monatrosus, Fr. Icon. t. 170, f. 2. Pileus fleshy, acutely umbonate, then depressed (2.3 in. diam.), dry, zoneless, lurid, clad with an interwoven grey down; stem stuffed, then hollow, pubescent, pallid (with a lurid purplish tinge, 2-3 in. long, 1 in. thick, or more), gills adnate, crowded, whitish, then pale ferruginous (scarcely other than whitish in this variety).

Milk white, slowly acrid (spores about 10μ).—Cooke Illus. t. 995. On the ground. Scarborough. (G. Massee).

Lactarius Terreyi, B. & Br., Ann. N. Hist. No. 1673, seems to be the same as L. cimicarius, or a variety of L. camphoratus, to which the specimens are referred in Herb. Berkeley.

Lactarius (Russularia) spinosulus, Quel. Norm. p. 20, t. 3, f. 10. var. wiolaceus, Cooke Illus. t. 998 B.

Pileus thin, convex, then depressed (1 in. diam.), dry, tomentosc, somewhat aculente, violet, flesh paler, margin incurved, stem equal, stuffed, granulate, paler, growing pallid (2 in. long, 1 in. thick), gills decurrent, narrow, thin, yellowish. Milk white, soon acrid.

On the ground. Chatsworth, Sept. 1873.

Lactarius (Russularia) cremor, Fries Hym. Eur. 432.

var. pauper, Karel. Symb. × p. 58. Icon. f. 26. Pileus fleshy, soft, rather plane, smooth, without zones, flesh colour, then yellowish, or gilvous tan colour, rather ochraceous when dry, punctate (3 in. broad or more), margin membranaceous, at length pectinately sulcate; stem hollow, equal, naked, smooth, paler than the pileus (about 2 in. long } in. thick), gills adnate, rather distant, thin, soft, colour of the pileus, flesh without juice, slowly acrid, white (spores 8-9 μ).—Cke. Illus. t. 1008. Under fir trees. Carlisle.

Russula (Fragiles) Barle, Quelet. Ass. Fr. 1888, t. vi., f. 12. Sacc. Syll. v., 1860.

Pileus convex, then flattened and depressed  $(2\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{1}{2}$  in.), compact, viscid, then dry, even, peach coloured, yellow, tinged with orange red, sometimes cracking; flesh firm, sweet, white, slightly smelling of melilot, stem fleshy, spongy, firm, silky pruinose, snow white (2 in. long, 1 in. thick), gills white, then becoming pallid ochra-Spores sub-globose, granular, 12  $\times$  10  $\mu$ .

Amongst grass, under trees. Kew, Epping Forest.

Our specimens seem to be referable to this species, the pileus has the centre always darker, tinged with a peculiar dull red, the margin bright ochre with a tinge of orange, the whole becoming pale and ochraceous in drying. The flesh of the stem sometimes turns reddish brown when cut, and the odour in age is rather that of crab than of melilot.

Russula (Fragiles) fingibilis, Brits. Hym. Sudb. 17., f. 32.

Pileus yellow, convex, then plane or depressed, viscid, darker in the centre (about 2 in. diam.), thin towards the margin, but not striate. Stem equal, soft, white, spongy, at length hollow (2 in. long,  $\frac{1}{3}$  in. thick), flesh white, mild, inodorous. Gills rather unequal, attenuated behind, somewhat crowded, thin, white. Spores nearly globose, 8-10  $\mu$ .

Under trees. Kew, July, 1882.

As far as it is possible to identify any of Britzelmayr's species this seems to accord, taking into account the additions we have made to the diagnosis.

Hypocrea moriformis, Cke. & Mass.

Fleshy, hemispherical (1 mm. diam.), scattered, pallid, at length black; perithecia convex, minute, rather prominent, pierced with a pore; asci cylindrical, sporidia uniseptate, then dividing into cubically globose frustules, olive, smooth  $(5-6 \mu)$ .

On rotten wood, Carlisle, (Dr. Carlyle).

Perithecia distinctly indicated, resembling a miniature mulberry.

Mectria pallidula, Cooks.

Perithecia cospitose, globose, minute ( $\frac{1}{4}$  mm.), smooth, pale ochre, bursting through the cuticle in irregular tufts, sometimes of one or two, sometimes 12 to 20 perithecia, effused when growing on naked wood. Asci clavate-cylindrical, sporidia for the most part uniscriate, subfusiform, uniscretate, hyaline  $(12 \times 3 \mu)$ .

On beech bark and wood. Carlisle. (Dr. Carlyle).

Mucor lateritius, Ckc. & Mass.

Mycelium forming a continuous dense, dry, bright-brown felt, spreading over the tuber. Fertile hyphæ erect, simple or furcate; capitulum globose, sporidia subglobose  $(12 \times 9\text{-}10 \ \mu)$ , pale brickred, smooth.

On putrid potatoes. Kew.

Trichosporium umbrinum, Link.

Threads branched, bay-brown, forming a dense, long, and broadly effused interwoven stratum; conidia globose, smooth, brown (12-14  $\mu$  diam.).

Running over plant pots, &c. ("Gardeners' Chronicle.")

Edocophalum sulfureum, Cke. & Mass.

Tufts hemispherical or confluent, sulphur-coloured. Threads septate, dichotomous, globosely capitulate at the apex, papillate, conidia globose, hyaline (3-5  $\mu$  diam.). Epispore smooth.

On rope. Herbarium grounds, Kew.

Melanconium rusci, Cke. & Mass.

Pustules scattered, orbicular, erumpent, covered by the lacerated brown cuticle. Conidia elliptical, continuous, sooty-olive  $(12 \times 7-8 \mu)$ .

On phyllodes of Ruscus aculeatus. Kew.

This cannot be a form of Sphæropsis rusci, for there is no perithecium, and the pustules are scattered and solitary.

#### BRITISH PYRENOMYCETES.

#### By G. MASSEE.

(Continued from Vol. xvt., p. 120.)

PERTUSÆ. Perithecia emergent, smooth, 10. flattened at the base, adnate or subimmersed. Ostiolum papillate, or pierced.

### GEN 1. COMISPHERIA. Sporidia hyaline.

- \* ZIGNOINA. Sporidia continuous.
- C. rhodobapha, B. & Br., Sacc. Syll. 3659. On old wood. South Kensington, Bristol.
  - \*\* MELANOPBAMMA. Sporidia uniseptate.
- C. pecilostoma, B. & Br., Sacc. Syll. 3652. On furze. Lynn.
  - MELOMASTIA. Sporidia biseptate.
- C. Friesii, Nke., Sacc. Syll. 3625; Hdbk. 2620 (= S. Lonicera, Sow.). On honeysuckle. Highgate, Shere, Lynn.

# 22 Zignoella. Sporidia multiseptate.

- C. hysterioides, Curr., Grev. XVI., 92.
- On rotten wood, Chislehurst, C. macrasca, Sacc. Syll. 3668.

On bleached clm wood. Bulwer, Yorks, Scarboro',

- GEN. 2. TICOTHECIUM. Flot. Perithecia minute, growing on Lichens. Sporidia septate.
  - Pharcidia, Sporidia hyaline.
  - \*\* GENUINA. Sporidia coloured.

+ Sporidia uniseptate.

T. gelidarium, Mudd., p. 130; Sacc. Syll. 2232. On Squamaria gelida. Teesdale.

T. perpusillum, Nyl., Sacc. Syll. 6593.

On Aspicilia. Gloucestershire, Ben Cranchan, Kylemore (I.).

T. calcaricolum, Mudd., p. 306; Sacc. Syll. 6597.

Lewes, Sussex, Longmynd, Ben Lawers. On Aspicilia. Ireland.

T. gemmiferum, Tayl., Sacc. Syll. 6598.

On lichens. Shrewsbury, Penzance, Cleveland, Grampians, Wales, Ireland.

T. squamarioides, Mudd., p. 130; Sacc. Syll. 6600. On Squamaria gelida. Teesdale.

T. cerinarium, Mudd., p. 136; Sacc. Syll. 6602. On Callopisma. Near Ayton, Cleveland,

### †† Sporidia triseptate.

T. pygmæum, Korb., Sacc. Syll. 6604. On Aspicilia. Bræmar and Lough na-cat, Scotland; Armagh, Oleveland. (v. Ventosicola, Mudd.) On Hamatococca. Kildale Moor.

T. leucomelarium, Mudd. Man. p. 105; Sacc. Syll. 6605. On Borrera. Cork. T. rimosicolum, Leight., Sacc. Syll. 6606.

On Diplotomma calcareum. Wrekin, Penhill, Yorks, Carlton Bank, Cleveland, Ben Lawers, Appin, Killarney, Galway.

## GEN. 3. AMPHISPHERIA, Sporidia coloured.

- Amphisphærella. Sporidia continuous.
  - \*\* GENUINA. Sporidia uniseptate.
- A. ventosaria, Linds. Sacc. Syll. 2761. On Lecanora ventosa. Lochnagar.
  - MELANOMMA. Sporidia 2-3 septate.
- A. Jenynsii, B. & Br., Sacc. Syll. 3232. On wood, Bottisham, King's Cliffe, Bathcaston, A. obliterans, B. & Br., Sacc. Syll. 3233; Hdbk. 2621. On fir. Forres, N.B.

## \*\* Sporidia 4 or many septate.

- A. brachythele, B. & Br., Sacc. Syll. 3269; Hdbk. 2609. On elder. Batheaston, Gopsall, Chislehurst.
- \*\*\* Trematosphæria. Perithecia large, sporidia 3 or multiseptate.

A. pertusa, Pers., Sacc. Syll. 3285; Hdbk. 2604. On wood. Bishop's Wood, Epping.

A. anglica, Sacc. Syll. 3286.

On ash. King's Lynn. A. melina, B. & Br., Sacc. Syll. 3294.

On ash. Batheaston.

A. lunariæ, Curr., Grev. xvi., 92. On decorticated branches of ash.

CARYOSPORA. Sporidia very large, apiculate.

A. callicarpa, Curr., Sacc. Syll. 3313; Hdbk. 2605. On wood. Kidbrooke.