FIVE OCCASIONAL LECTURES: DELIVERED IN MONTREAL; PP. 1-115

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649439584

Five Occasional Lectures: Delivered in Montreal; pp. 1-115 by Francis Fulford

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

FRANCIS FULFORD

FIVE OCCASIONAL LECTURES: DELIVERED IN MONTREAL; PP. 1-115



FIVE

OCCASIONAL LECTURES,

DELIVERED IN MONTREAL,

FRANCIS FULFORD, D.D., LORD RISHOP OF MONTREAL.

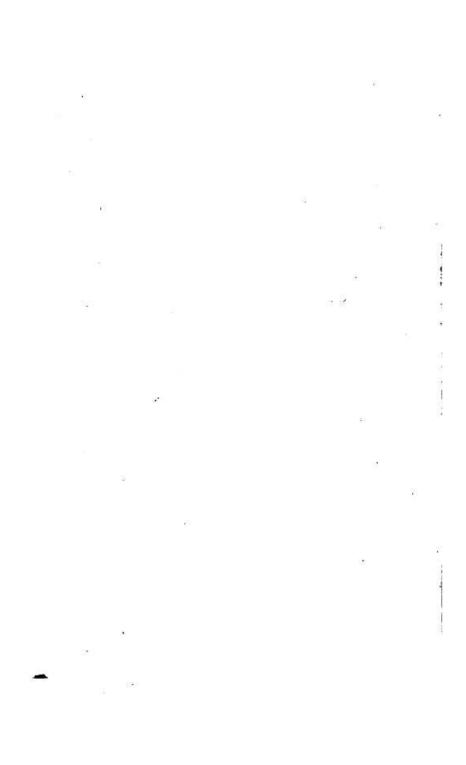
London :

RIVINGTON'S, 3 WATERLOO PLACE. 1859.

BX 5615 F96 1859 142-78285

CONTENTS.

		LON
I.	Inaugural Lecture to Church of England Association for Young	
	Men of Montreal,	9
п.	Some Remarks on Colonial Institutions,	27
Ш.	On Taste, and Style in Literature (with Note),	51
IV.	Some Recollections of a Visit to Abbotsford, and of Sir Walter	
	Scott and his Contemporaries,	71
V.	The State and Prospects of Science and Literature in Mon-	
	ireal.	99



PREFACE.

THESE Lectures were none of them written originally, with any idea of their being printed; but I was requested, at the time of their delivery, to allow them to appear in the newspapers of the day; and it has since been suggested to me, that it might be useful to publish them in a more permanent form. A great portion of the matter is mere compilation from the works of other authors; and on looking over them to prepare them for the press, I have reason to believe that there are occasionally such extracts, of which I have lost the references. I trust, however, that they may serve the purpose for which they were, in a great measure, intended, viz., to assist in forming a taste for Literature, and Science, and Art, amongst the people of Canada. As yet we have scarcely any Literature of our own; but the great progress which Canada is making, and the growth of her Scientific and Literary Institutions, lead us to expect, that the day is not far distant, when from the Press of Canada there shall issue forth original works doing honor to her name, and worthy of comparison with those of other and older countries. And, in prospect of such a time, this little attempt of mine may, perhaps, have contributed, in a small measure, to have prepared the minds of a few additional readers to welcome the native Literature of Canada with grateful satisfaction.

San House, Montreal, June 3, 1859. 1.5

.

9

.

#

LECTURE I.

INTRODUCTORY LECTURE,

DELIVERED IN THE MECHANICS HALL,

BEFORM

THE CHURCH OF EXCLAND ASSOCIATION FOR YOUNG MEN OF MONTREAL.

ON MONDAY EVENING, FEB, 18, 1857.

BEFORE we enter upon those particular objects which have been arranged for the Lectures to be delivered on the Mondays of the following weeks for this Association, in connection with which I am to address you this evening, it may be useful at this the commencement, to enter somewhat into a dissertation upon the nature and intent of such Associations in general, and the principles upon which this has been formed, the members of which, I, as Patron, now address.

The Association is called the "Church of England Young Men's Association." This, like many other societies and associations for benevolent or religious purposes, of which we are every day hearing, is an institution of very recent date; and while many people are too easily interested in any such matters by the very attraction of their novelty, others are too apt to object to any new projects, especially religious associations on this very ground of their novelty;—whereas no valid argument, either for or against them, can be raised on this score; but their merits or demerits must be argued on different principles. The first com-