AN ELEMENTARY TREATISE UPON THE METHOD OF LEAST SQUARES: WITH NUMERICAL EXAMPLES OF ITS APPLICATIONS

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649351435

An Elementary Treatise Upon the Method of Least Squares: With Numerical Examples of Its Applications by George C. Comstock

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

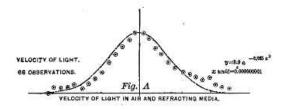
www.triestepublishing.com

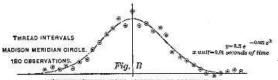
GEORGE C. COMSTOCK

AN ELEMENTARY TREATISE UPON THE METHOD OF LEAST SQUARES: WITH NUMERICAL EXAMPLES OF ITS APPLICATIONS



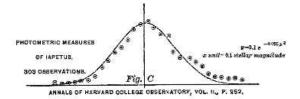
THE METHOD OF LEAST SQUARES.

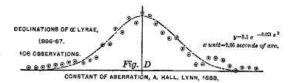




WÄSHBURN EBSERVATORY, UNPUBLISHED OBSERVATIONS.

EBRATUN. — Fig. 3. The positive part of the axis of a should pass through the lowest plotted point. The relation of the plotted point to the varies is correctly represented.





TYPICAL ERROR CURVES.

AN ELEMENTARY TREATISE

UPON THE

METHOD OF LEAST SQUARES,

WITH

NUMERICAL EXAMPLES OF ITS APPLICATIONS.

BY

GEORGE C. COMSTOCK,

PROFESSOR OF ASTRONOMY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, AND DIRECTOR OF THE WASHBURN ORSERVATORY.

-00,00,00-

BOSTON, U.S.A.:
PUBLISHED BY GINN & COMPANY.
1890.

COPYRIGHT, 1889, RY GEORGE C. COMSTOCK.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

Typography by J. S. Cushing & Co., Boston, U.S.A.
Presswork by Ginn & Ço., Boston, U.S.A.

Pro aly givet 12-26-1923

PREFACE.

THE following elementary treatment of the Method of Least Squares has grown out of my attempts to so present the subject to students of physics, astronomy, and engineering, that a working knowledge based upon an appreciation of its principles might be acquired with a moderate expenditure of time and labor.

Conceiving that the ultimate warrant for the legitimacy of the method itself is to be found in the agreement between the observed distribution of residuals and the distribution represented by the error curve, I have not scrupled to abandon altogether the analytical demonstrations of the equation of this curve and to present it as an empirical formula, representing the generalized experience of observers. The evidence in support of a formula of this kind is necessarily cumulative, and the few curves which are presented in illustration of the law of error are to be considered as samples of the kind of evidence which exists in great abundance. By abandoning the theoretical demonstrations, the student is freed from the embarrassments which are usually encountered at the threshold of the subject, and which in many cases cause it to appear as a mathematical puzzle whose analytical difficulties absorb the attention of the tyro to the complete exclusion of the purposes for which the analysis is conducted.

I have sought to give prominence to the distinction between accidental and systematic errors, and to insist upon the limitations which result from the difference between these two classes of error. To illustrate the principles of the text, I have made free use of numerical data and have arranged the computations in forms which experience has shown to be convenient for the purpose, with a view to their subsequent use by the student as models for his own computations.

In the preparation of these pages, I have consulted many, if not most, of the standard treatises upon the subject, but my indebtedness for suggestions and methods of treatment is principally to

FAYE, Cours d'Astronomie de l'École Polytechnique.

Oppolzer, Lehrbuch der Bahnbestimmung.

WRIGHT, Treatise on the Adjustment of Observations.

G. C. C.

CONTENTS.

SEC	TION								9	PAGE
1.	ILLUSTRATIVE PROBLEM	6	*11	90	*	\mathcal{H}	*	\otimes	83	1
2.	ERRORS AND RESIDUALS	33	4.0	$\widehat{\Phi}_{i}^{(i)}$		÷		100	9	3
3.	THE DISTRIBUTION OF RE	sint	ALS	*:	10	80	385	(2)	3.5	5
4.	THE ERROR CURVE .	e E	¥3.	43	\$6	33	(2)	**	14	8
5.	THE PRINCIPLE OF LEAST	Squ	JARKS	9 2000	55		-		105	12
6.	WEIGHTS	-50	£3:	•	*	*	30		89	16
7.	NORMAL EQUATIONS .		20		20	(2)	4	(2)	82	19
8.	NON-LINKAR OBSERVATION	Eq.	CATH	ONS	759	38	30	(8)	38	21
9.	FORMATION AND SOLUTION	N OF	Nor	MAI	Eq	UATIO	DN8			23
10.	NUMERICAL EXAMPLE.		25	20	20	85		22	:::	29
11.	CONDITIONED OBSERVATIO	NS	81	88	**	**	340		Œ	38
12.	PROBABLE ERRORS .			20	24		96		4	45
13.	PROBABLE ERROR OF A FU	NCT	ion o	r Or	SER	VED (QUAN	TITLE	69.	51
14.	ASSIGNMENT OF WEIGHTS	; R	GECT	ON	or ()BSE	RVAT	ions	1	54
15.	EMPIRICAL OR INTERPOLAT	HON	For	MUL,	Æ		36	:::	0.0	58
16.	APPROXIMATE SOLUTIONS	9	(30)	¥6	#0	63		(4)	*	64
Ini	DEX TO FORMULA:	8	17	9						68