NOTES ON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY AND CRYSTALLO-PHYSICS: BEING THE SUBSTANCE OF LECTURES DELIVERED AT YEDO DURING THE YEARS 1876-77

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649350384

Notes on Crystallography and Crystallo-physics: Being the Substance of Lectures Delivered at Yedo During the Years 1876-77 by John Milne

Except for use in any review, the reproduction or utilisation of this work in whole or in part in any form by any electronic, mechanical or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including xerography, photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, is forbidden without the permission of the publisher, Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd, PO Box 1576 Collingwood, Victoria 3066 Australia.

All rights reserved.

Edited by Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd. Cover @ 2017

This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form or binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

www.triestepublishing.com

JOHN MILNE

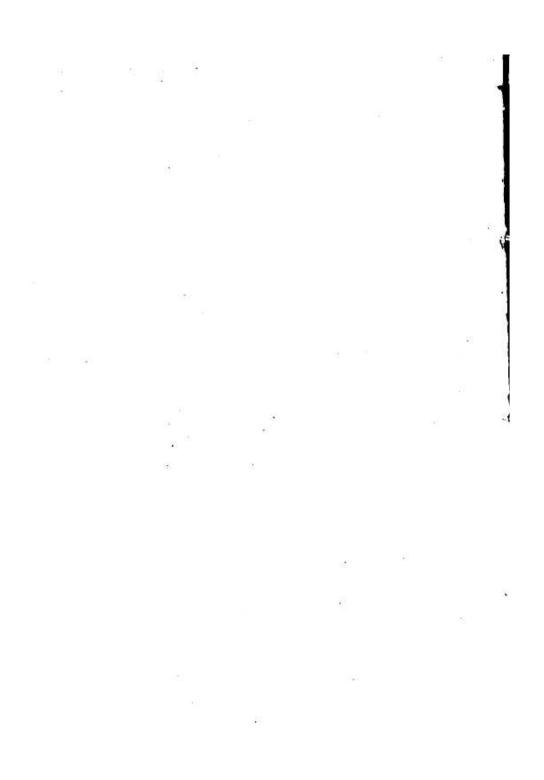
NOTES ON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY AND CRYSTALLO-PHYSICS: BEING THE SUBSTANCE OF LECTURES DELIVERED AT YEDO DURING THE YEARS 1876-77



CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

AND

CRYSTALLO-PHYSICS.



NOTES

QN

CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

AND

CRYSTALLO-PHYSICS.

BEING THE SUBSTANCE OF LECTURES DELIVERED AT YEOU
DURING THE YEARS 1876-77.

BY

JOHN MILNE, F.G.S.,

PROFESSOR OF GEOLOGY IN THE IMPERIAL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, YEDO, JAPAN.

LONDON:

TRÜBNER & CO., 57 AND 59, LUDGATE HILL.

1879.

HERTFORD:

PRINTED BY STEPHEN AUSTIN AND SONS.



CONTENTS.

								PAGE
	Note by the Editor		***		***		•••	vi
98	Introduction	***	***	***	***	***	•••	vii
			PART	I .				
	Determination of Sy	mbols						1
	Determination of Ele							28
	To find the position	of a Po	le and	the dis	tance 1	between	any	•
	two Poles							33
Ü	Rules for the changi	ng of A	xes an	d Para	meters	•••	•••	35
	W 81	;	PART	IJ.				
	Projection of Poles	***				•••		37
		į	PART	III.				
	Crystal Symmetry	and the	e Class	ificatio	n of C	rystals	into	
	Six Systems	 ,	•••	···•	•••		•••	45
		1	PART	IV.				
	Notes on Crystallo-F	hysics				•••	***	58
	97 <u>124</u> 0 V							200

NOTE BY THE EDITOR.

In the latter part of 1877, Prof. J. Milne sent home from Japan lithographed copies of his written Lecture-Notes on Crystallography and Crystallo-Physics—to Prof. N. S. Maskelyne, F.R.S., Dr. H. Woodward, F.R.S., Prof. J. Tennant, F.G.S., to the Editor, and other friends, with a request to me to publish the same in the Geological Magazine, or elsewhere.

Owing to the absence of the Author and from other causes, a long delay has occurred in presenting them to the scientific public in their present form; and it is only due to Prof. Milne to state that these notes (as now printed) were completed, and lithographed by his Japanese assistant, in 1877.

I have to thank Prof. J. Morris, M.A., F.G.S., and my colleague, Dr. H. Woodward, F.R.S., for kindly assisting me in reading over and correcting the proofs of these Notes on behalf of the Author.

THOMAS DAVIES, F.G.S.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERALOGY, BRITISH MUSEUM.

 LAWPORD ROAD, N.W. 26th February, 1879.

INTRODUCTION.

The following notes on Crystallographical calculations have been written for those students who wish to know the general principles which these calculations involve, rather than for those who wish actually to employ them. The system that has been followed is that of Prof. Miller. In this system the symbols of a face consist of three whole numbers, each of which invariably refer to the same axes; whilst the calculations to determine these symbols are concise, being usually of such a nature that they may be determined by making one or two angular measurements, and the observation of those faces which have parallel intersections. In all respects there is a simplicity which recommends it before all others.

The few demonstrations which have been given have been treated of by those methods which appeared to be the simplest for the student's comprehension; the first portion, referring to the determination of symbols, being treated by Analytical Geometry and Spherical Trigono-