THE PATHWAY TO BOTANY

Published @ 2017 Trieste Publishing Pty Ltd

ISBN 9780649668328

The Pathway to Botany by Leo H. Grindon

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LEO H. GRINDON

THE PATHWAY TO BOTANY



THE PATHWAY TO BOTANY.

AN INTRODUCTION TO

THE CHIEF PARTICULARS IN THE STRUCTURE OF FLOWERING-PLANTS, AND TO THE PRINCIPLES OF CLASSIFICATION.

BY

LEO H. GRINDON,

LECTURER ON HOTARY AT THE ROYAL SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, MANCHESTEE.
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HOTANT;" "THE TREES OF OLD ENGLAND;" "LIFE:
ITS HATTER, TARISTIES, AND PRENOMENA;"

AND OTHER WORKS.

LONDON: F. PITMAN, 20, PATERNOSTER ROW MD000EXXII.

191 k. 97

Extra cloth, price 12s.

BRITISH AND GARDEN BOTANY: Consisting of descriptions of the Flowering-plants, Ferns, and Trees indigenous to Great Britain, with notices of all Plants commonly cultivated in this country for use and ornament: preceded by an introduction to Structural and Physiological Botany, and illustrated with 232 engravings of Flowers, &c. By Leo H. Gerndon, Author of "Life: its Nature," &c.

PREFACE.

In 1858 I published the "Manchester Flora," with an Introduction to Botany, adapted to the requirements of the student of our native plants.

A few years afterwards I published my "British and Garden Botany," prefixing the Introduction to the "Flora," very much enlarged.

My pupils and others having found this introduction useful, especially in the separate form, I am induced to again reprint it, with considerable additions and improvements.

It makes not the slightest pretension to be an elaborate scientific treatise: it is simply what the title-page calls it—a pathway to more comprehensive volumes.

LEO H. GRINDON.

Manchester, February, 1872.

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THE PATHWAY TO BOTANY.

Botany is the science which considers the nature of Plants,—how they are constructed, what they are composed of, the circumstances of their life and growth, what they are good for, the countries and places they inhabit, their various and charming beauty, along with many other curious and interesting facts, such as render the study of it exceedingly pleasant and instructive, both to young people and old, at all seasons of the year, and wherever we may go.

There are thousands of different kinds of plants. Some grow upon land, others in the water; and of these latter not a few belong to the sea. Many lift their heads high into the air, and throw out beautiful and spreading branches, so as to form trees, which in many cases, when autumn arrives, are loaded with fruit; other kinds are so small and delicate that, in order to see them plainly, we must use a microscope. Between these two extremes there are multitudes of intermediate size, comprising garden flowers, wild-flowers, shrubs, vegetables fit to eat, weeds, moss, and whatever else forms part of the green mantle of the earth. All alike receive the