# THE INFLUENCE OF GOTHIC LITERATURE ON SIR WALTER SCOTT

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The INfluence of Gothic Literature on Sir Walter Scott by Walter Freye

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## **WALTER FREYE**

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## THE INFLUENCE OF "GOTHIC" LITERATURE

## SIR WALTER SCOTT.

### INAUGURAL-DISSERTATION

DER HOHEN

PHILOSOPHISCHEN FAKULTÄT DER UNIVERSITÄT ROSTOCK

ZUR

ERLANGUNG DER DOKTORWÜRDE

VORGELEGT VON

WALTER FREYE

Rostock H. WINTERBERG'S BUCHDRUCKEREI "Meinem Vater".



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In the literature of all German tribes, beginning in the oldest and remotest times, we find a liking for superstitions, dreadful events, awful spectacles etc developed to a far greater extent than with any other nations. In ancient times all descriptions of nature, for instance, only give us the wild and terrifying. In Beowulf only the terrors of winter are described

Beowulf 515, 545—548, 1127—28, 1330—33 »zeofon yõum weol, wintres wylme . . . . ba wit atsomne on sæ wæron fif nihta fyrst, oö þæt une flod todraf, wado weallende, wedera cealdost nipende niht ond norðan wind heodo-grim andhwearf; hreo wæron yða.«

» Hengest þa gyt wäl-fagne winter wunode mid Finne . . . .

holm storme weol won wið winde; winter yðe beleac is-gebinde . . . . .

Similar powerful verses on horrors in nature are given to us in the old-German »Muspilli« and the Anglo-Saxon poem, which we call in German »der Seefahrer«. Muspilli; 27—37:

»so inprinnant die perga poum ni kistentit
enihe in erdu, aha artruknent
muor varsuuilhit sih, suilizot lougiu der himil,
mano fallit, prinnit mittilagart,
sten ni kistentit verit denne stuatago in land,
verit mit diu vuiru viriho uuison:
dar ni mac denne mak andremo helfan vora demo
muspille.

denne daz preita uuasal allaz varprennit, enti vuir enti luft is allaz arfurpit, uuar ist denne diu marha, dar man dar eo mit sinen magon piehc?

Seefahrer 12-25; 31-33

»bæt se mon newat be him on foldan fægrost limpeð hu ie earmcearig iscealdne sæ winter wunade wræcan lastum winemægum bidroren. bihongen hrimgicelum: hægl scurum fleag. þær ic negehyrde butan hlimman sæ iscaldne wæg, hwilum ylfete song: dyde ic me to gomene ganetes hleopor and huilpan sweg fore hleahtor wera, mæw singende fore medodrince. Stormas bær stanclifu beotan, bær him stearn oncwæd isigfebera: fuloft pæt earn bigeal heaswigfebra. Nænig hleomæga feasceaftig fer8 frefran meahte . . . . . »Nap nihtscua, norþan sniwde, hrim hrusan band; hægl feol on eorban, Corna caldast.«